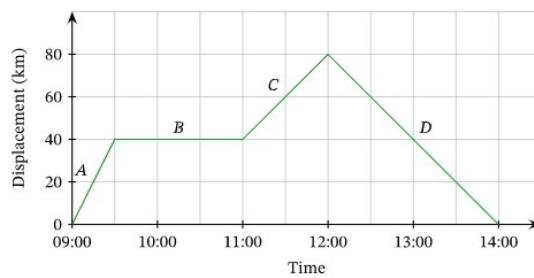


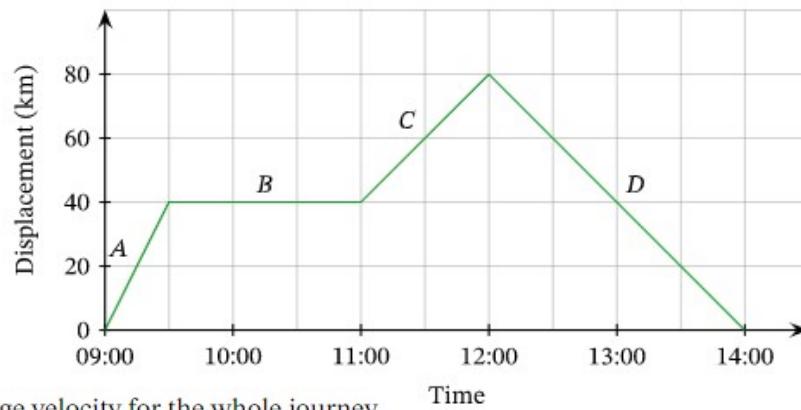
This displacement–time graph shows the journey of a car along a straight road. The journey has four stages: *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*.



Calculate the average velocity for each stage of the journey.

- A $A = 80 \text{ km/h}$, $B = 0 \text{ km/h}$, $C = 80 \text{ km/h}$, $D = 40 \text{ km/h}$
- B $A = 0 \text{ km/h}$, $B = 80 \text{ km/h}$, $C = 40 \text{ km/h}$, $D = -40 \text{ km/h}$
- C $A = 80 \text{ km/h}$, $B = 0 \text{ km/h}$, $C = 80 \text{ km/h}$, $D = -40 \text{ km/h}$
- D $A = 80 \text{ km/h}$, $B = 0 \text{ km/h}$, $C = 40 \text{ km/h}$, $D = 40 \text{ km/h}$
- E $A = 80 \text{ km/h}$, $B = 0 \text{ km/h}$, $C = 40 \text{ km/h}$, $D = -40 \text{ km/h}$

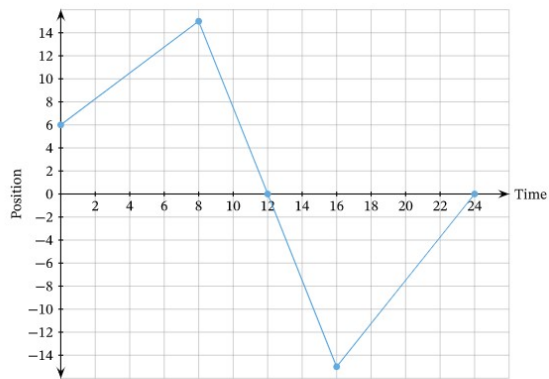
This displacement–time graph shows the journey of a car along a straight road. The journey has four stages: *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*.



Write down the average velocity for the whole journey.

Calculate the average speed for the whole journey.

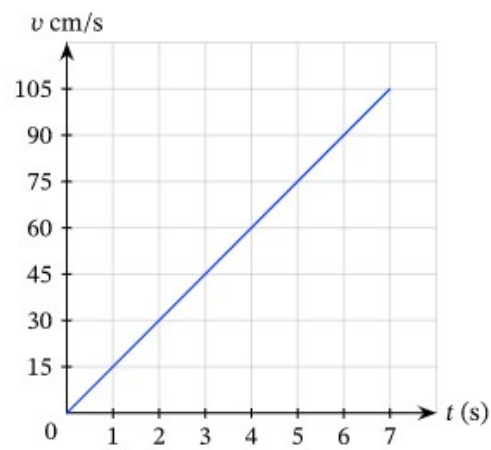
Q4: The position-time graph given below describes an object's motion.



Which of the following statements is true?

- A The velocity is positive at $t = 4$ and $t = 24$.
- B The velocity is positive at the time interval $16 < t < 24$ only.
- C The velocity is positive at the time intervals $0 < t < 8$ and $16 < t < 24$.
- D The velocity is positive at $t = 3$ and $t = 16$.
- E The velocity is positive at the time interval $0 < t < 8$ only.

Q1: The given velocity-time graph represents a particle moving in a straight line. Determine its displacement at $t = 2$ s.



Q3: Given the velocity-time graph of a particle moving in a straight line, determine the displacement of the particle within the time interval $[0, 9]$.

