Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Kramarczyk/Wood

**Leaf Identification Vocabulary**

**Directions**: *Create flashcards for these 9 words; include accurate pictures*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Simple leaf**Single leaf on a single stem | Image result for toothed leaf |
| **Compound leaf**Small leaflets combine to make one leafEach **leaflet** has a very short stem | https://www.amnh.org/learn/biodiversity_counts/ident_help/Parts_Plants/plants_GIF_Files/leaf_type(5)(6).gifImage result for horse chestnut leafImage result for compound leaf |
| **Broad leaf**Flat, not needles | Image result for maple leafImage result for japanese maple leafRelated imageImage result for compound leaf |
| **Needles** | Image result for pine needlesRelated image |
| **Lobed leaf**Has sections, deep indents | Image result for maple leafImage result for japanese maple leafImage result for oak leaf |
| **Toothed leaf = serrate leaf**Has a serrated edge like a saw blade | Related image |
| **Entire leaf**Has a smooth edge; opposite of toothed | Image result for entire leaf |
| **Alternate leaves**Leaves arranged in a zig zag pattern on each branch | See next page |
| **Opposite leaves** Leaves grow directly across from one another in pairs along each branch | See next page |

 

 

